

ABSTRACT

A disc brake system [(10)] of the kind comprising an axially fixed hub [(15)] and at least one slideable brake disc [(12,14)] comprises a resilient device ~~means (26)~~ acting between the disc [(12,14)] and the hub [(15)] to control certain aspects of the movement of the brake disc [(12,14)] during use. Despite the thermal differential [(A)] arising in use between the brake disc [(12,14)] and the central hub [(15)] due to the ~~localised~~ localized heat generation [(E)] of the ~~spot-type automotive~~ brake system [(10)] and the mass and thermal capacity differences between the hub [(15)] and the brake disc [(12,14)], whereby the hub would be expected to provide a more satisfactory mounting, the resilient device ~~means (26)~~ acting between the disc [(12,14)] and the hub to control the disc dynamics is mounted on the disc, (12,14), ~~this leading to advantages in terms of. Such provides independence of the resilient bias with respect to disc position and disc [(12,14)] relationship to another disc (if present) and with respect to simplicity of mounting and avoidance of dirt entrapment.~~